

# AESP “Taking a Data Driven Approach to Equitable Program Design”

Case Study and Small Group Activity

## Case Study Description

### Program Details

- An implementer runs a single- and multi-family residential heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) and water heating (WH) program based in “New Dakota,” a state in the Pacific Northwest (PNW). The program has been running for four years through a midstream program model. \*
- \*This means that the program primarily incentivizes **distributors** to stock and sell high efficiency HVAC and WH equipment.
- The utility sponsor would like to understand the program’s historical (baseline) equity impacts and implement initiatives to increase equity impacts.
- The utility has a healthy budget to use over the next 3 years on a baseline equity assessment and implementation of equity-focused program improvements.

### Target Customer Segment

The utility sponsor is primarily concerned with equitably serving **Disproportionately Impacted Populations**, defined as census tracts that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- Score in the bottom 30% of a statewide assessment of environmental, social, and health risk
- Have a median household income at or below 80% State Median Income (SMI)
- Contain tribal lands

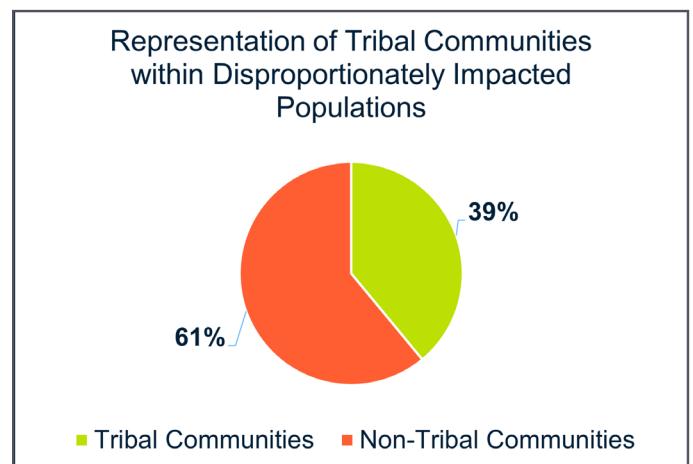
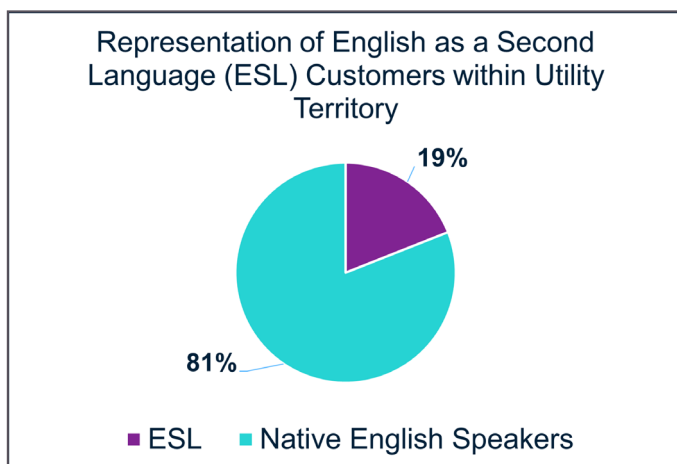
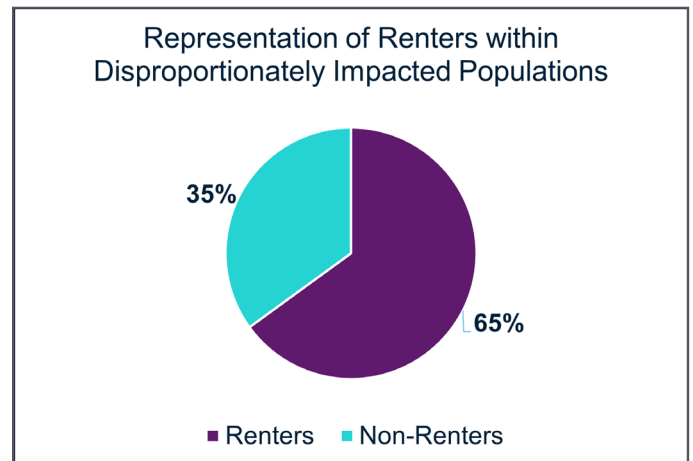
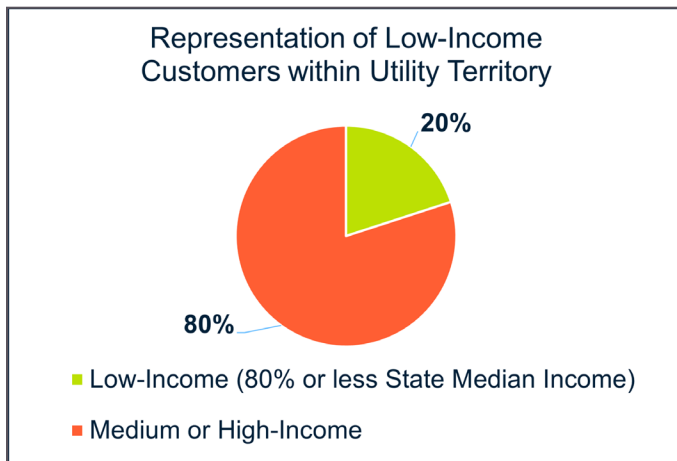
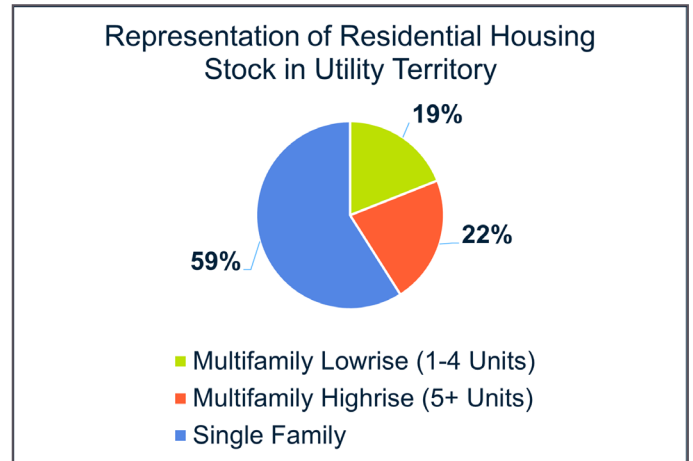
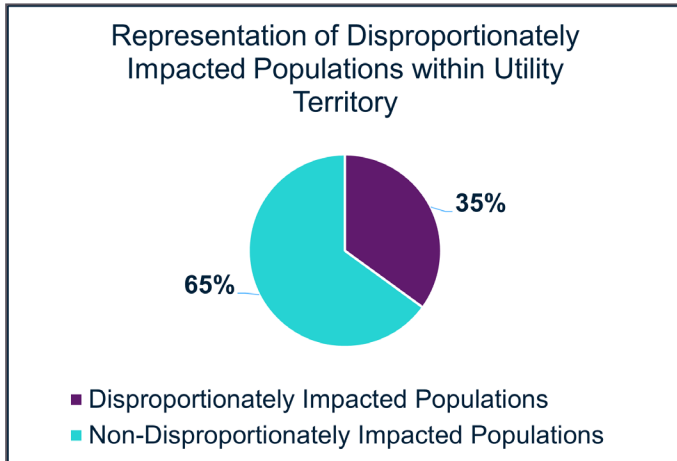
### Stakeholder Priorities

Community Priorities	Utility Priorities & Program Requirements
Affordable & reliable energy service	Improve program equity outcomes
Prioritize health benefits and home comfort for customers	Build and maintain strong community relationships
Ease of system maintenance	Maintain portfolio cost-effectiveness
Program accessibility	Workforce development

## Utility Territory Customer Base

- The utility serves about one million customers.
- The utility's territory is 100% dual-fuel gas and electric.

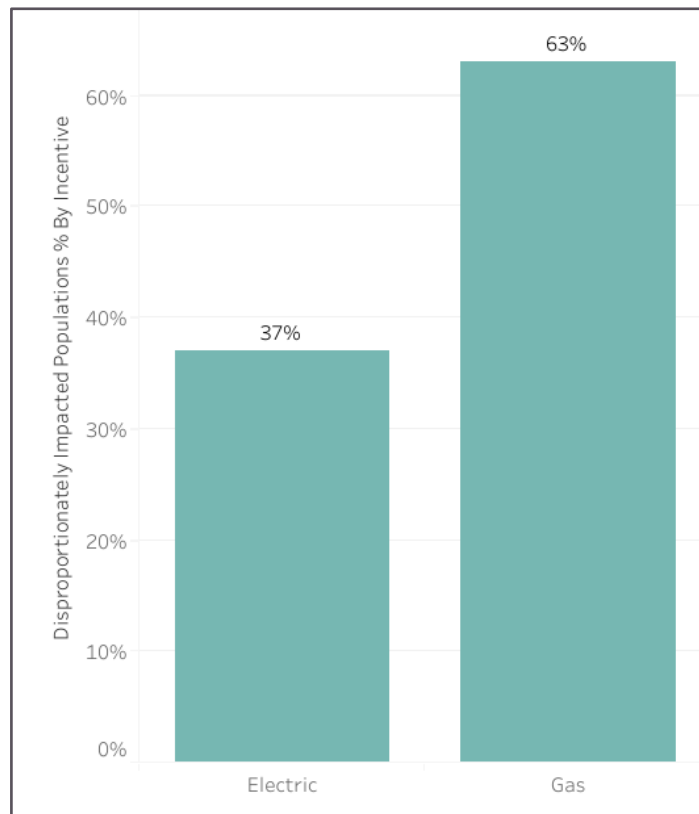
Within the utility's territory:



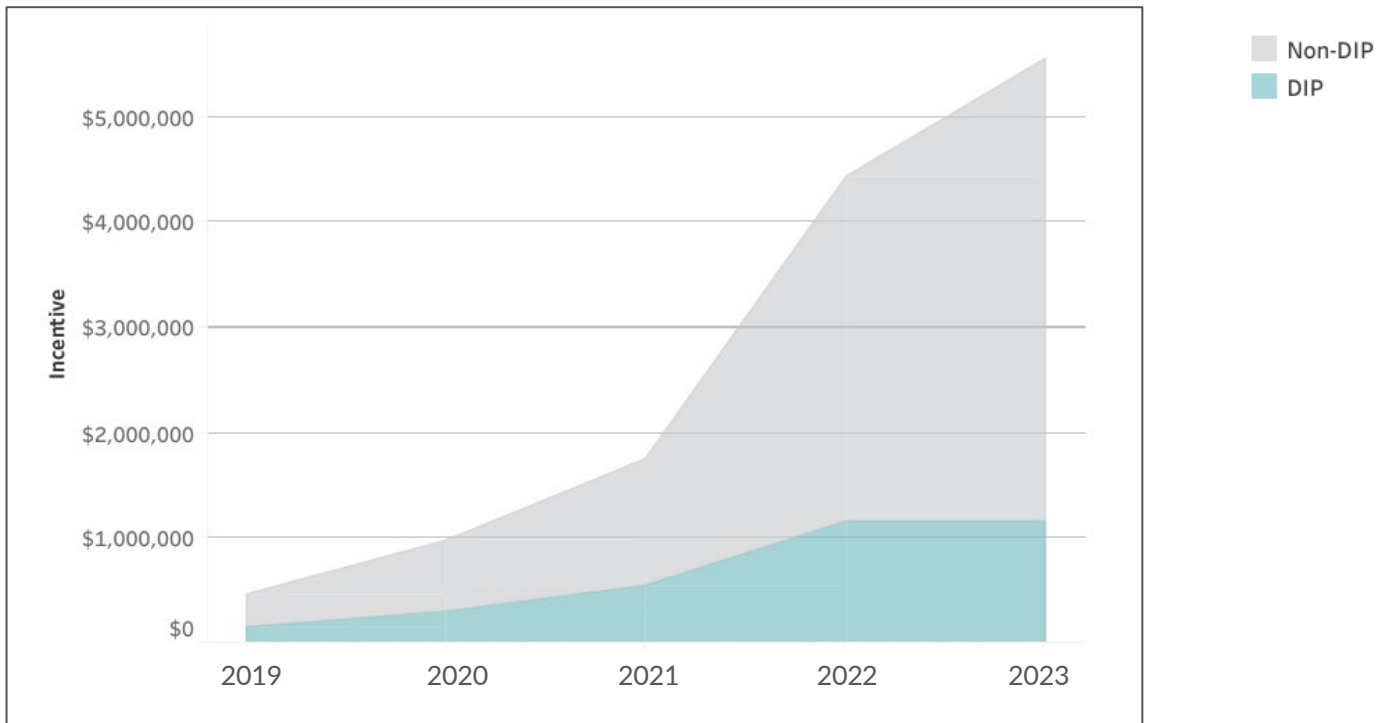
## Historical Program Metrics

Key Program Metric	Disproportionately Impacted Populations Coverage	Non – Disproportionately Impacted Populations Coverage
<i>Utility Territory Population</i>	35%	65%
kWh Savings	17%	83%
Therm Savings	25%	75%
Incentives	20%	80%

**Table 1.** The program distributes **fewer energy savings** (17% kWh, 25% therms) and **incentive dollars** (20%) to Disproportionately Impacted Populations **compared** to the share of customers that meet the Disproportionately Impacted Populations definition (35%).



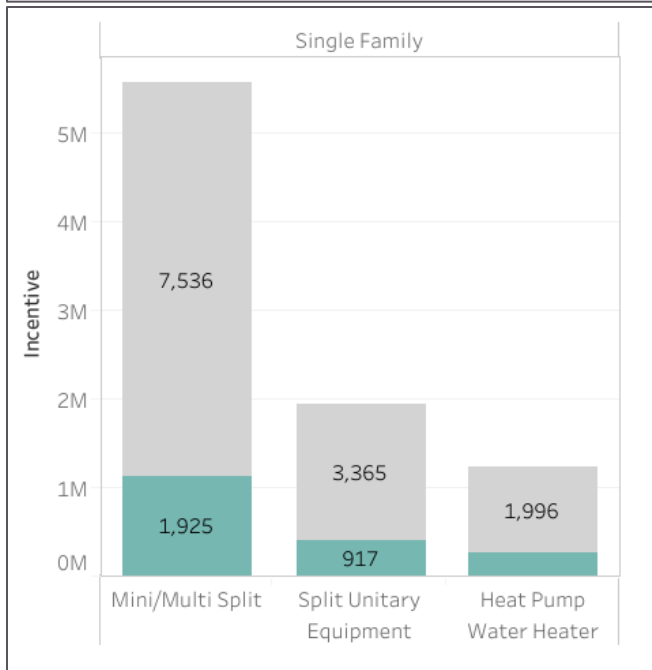
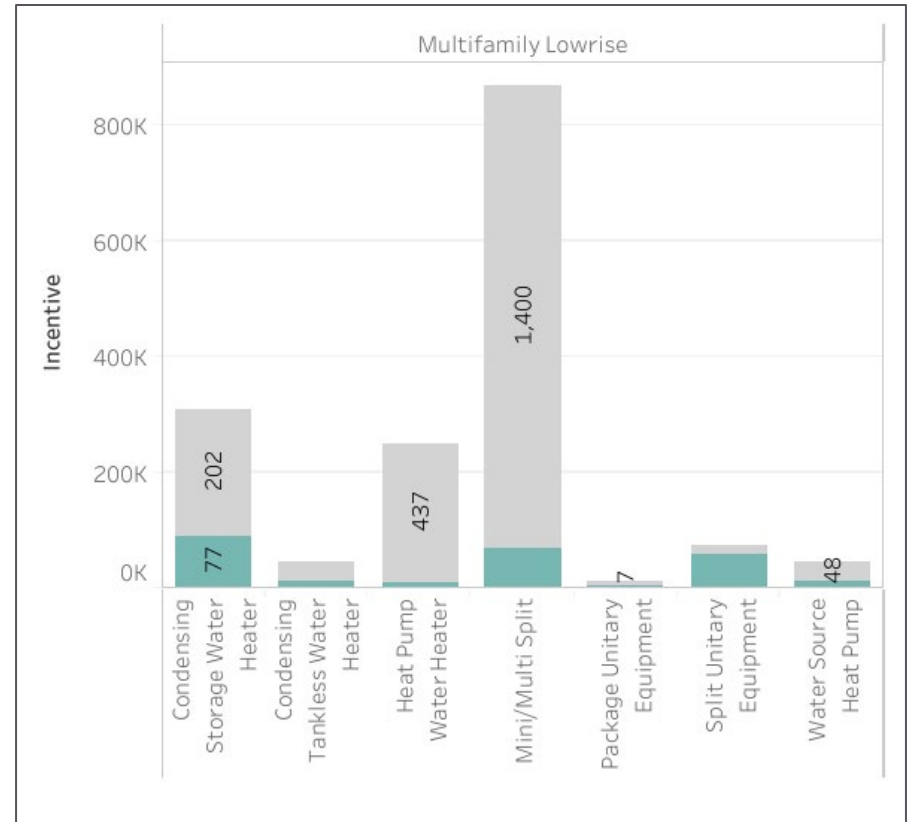
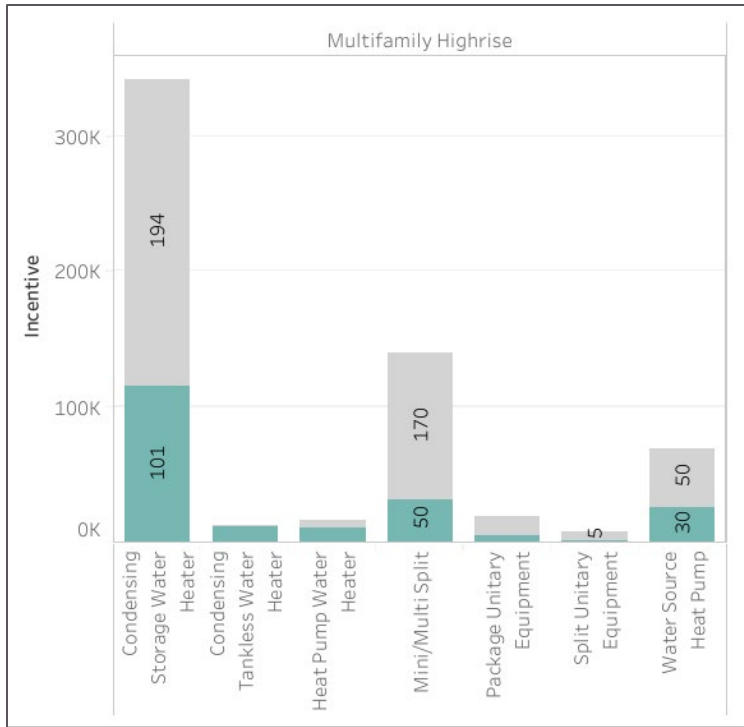
**Figure 1.** Historically, Disproportionately Impacted Populations have **higher rates of program participation** via eligible **natural gas equipment** than electric equipment.



**Figure 2.** The share of participation from Disproportionately Impacted Populations relative to the total program is **decreasing** year over year despite total participation increasing.

Census Tract Metric	% Claims
Below 80% State Median Income	18%
At or above 80% State Median Income	81%
≥90% Renter-Occupied	3%
50-90% Renter-Occupied	11%
<50% Renter-Occupied	85%

**Table 2.** Participation is highest in census tracts where the median income is **at or above 80% State Median Income** and where the housing stock is **less than 50% renter occupied**.



Non-DIP  
 DIP

**Figure 3.** Customers located in census tracts defined as Disproportionately Impacted Populations are more likely to utilize incentives on **gas water heating equipment** and **mini/multi split HVAC equipment**.

## ***Other Program Information***

- Residential customers considering high efficiency HVAC and WH equipment cite price as the largest barrier.
- Only a small portion of contractors are trained to offer and install heat pump water heating equipment in the utility's service territory.
- 7% of program-participating contractors are located in Disproportionately Impacted Populations.
- As climate change increases the frequency of extreme weather events, contractors report increased customer hesitancy toward electric HVAC and WH equipment.
- Building space, electrical panel capacity, and unit recovery time are cited as the major determinants of whether a heat pump water heater (HPWH) is a viable option for a single-family home or multifamily building.
- Mini/multi split HVAC units have the highest rate of program participation. Despite higher upfront costs, mini/multi splits are highly efficient and have the highest likelihood of positive utility bill impacts.

## Small Group Activity

<p><b>Gather Information</b></p> <p>10 minutes</p>	<p><b>Review:</b> Review the case study. As you do, think about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How are disproportionately impacted populations defined?</li> <li>• What are the key priorities of the communities and utility to consider?</li> <li>• What types of measures does the program support?</li> <li>• What are takeaways from the historical program data?</li> </ul> <p><b>Opening Discussion:</b> Once you have finished reviewing the case study, begin discussing with your group.</p>
<p><b>Assessment</b></p> <p>15 minutes</p>	<p><b>Define Gaps:</b> As a group, define gaps in program design that limit program participation among disproportionately impacted populations (~7 min). Questions to think about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What barriers does the program need to overcome?</li> <li>• How can the program achieve better alignment between priorities and delivery mechanisms (e.g., midstream model)?</li> </ul> <p><b>Identify Opportunities:</b> Brainstorm solutions that can be implemented to increase equitable impacts (~ 8 min). Questions to think about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How can the program serve the community priorities?</li> <li>• How can the program serve the utility priorities?</li> <li>• What types of strategies would have the greatest impact (outreach, community engagement, marketing, education, incentives, etc.)?</li> </ul>
<p><b>Develop Solutions</b></p> <p>10 minutes</p>	<p><b>Share and Prioritize:</b> Your group is given “budget” to select two solutions to implement. Each solution should focus on a single program component (such as community engagement, marketing &amp; outreach, incentives, or financing) and describe the associated activities you will do. Prepare a brief (~1 minute) proposal for each solution. In developing your pitch, think about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How do these solutions support community and utility priorities?</li> <li>• How much will these solutions cost to implement?</li> <li>• How long will these solutions take to execute?</li> <li>• What does success look like? How do you measure success?</li> </ul> <p><b>Select “Pitcher”:</b> Pick a volunteer to pitch one of your solutions (<b>optional</b>).</p>
<p><b>Share Solutions</b></p> <p>15 minutes</p>	<p><b>Pitch Ideas:</b> Pitch one of your group’s solutions to the panelists. (<b>optional</b>)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Keep your pitch to one minute or less.</li> <li>• Provide a brief summary of your solution and any key components (e.g., <i>who</i> you will partner with, <i>how</i> you will execute, etc.).</li> <li>• Describe how your solution addresses community and utility priorities and program requirements.</li> </ul>